

WATER MEASUREMENT FLOW METER REPORT FORM

CARE & MAINTENANCE OF THE FLOW METER

A totalizer can be a highly sensitive, expensive piece of equipment. It should be protected against unnecessary rough handling and freezing temperatures. Installation needs to allow the meter to be removed after the recording period for storage in a non-freezing environment.

Calibration should be performed a minimum of once every four years. This is usually done during the non-recording period by returning the meter to the factory or sending it to an authorized service center.

RECORD KEEPING

LINE G: Prior to starting the pump at the beginning of the recording period, enter the meter reading requested at the bottom of the form. (See line G, VOLUME AT START OF RECORDING PERIOD.)

COLUMNS A & B: Record the date and time of day when the reading was taken.

COLUMN C: Record the number of hours the system was operated.

COLUMN D: Record the volume meter reading and circle whether the volume is in acre-feet (AF) or gallons (GAL).

Continue the above-described procedure throughout the entire recording period.

LINE E: Enter the final volume reading on Line E.

LINE F: Enter the initial volume reading on Line F.

LINE G: Subtract the initial volume from the final volume to obtain the total volume of water pumped for the recording period. Enter this amount on Line G – check whether this volume is in Acre-Feet (AF) or Gallons (GAL).

LINE H: If the total volume is in gallons, convert this number to acre-feet and enter this number on Line H. (Example: $1,030,490 \text{ GAL} / 325,851 = 3.16 \text{ AF}$).