

CSKT--Spill Response Plan
****ALWAYS READ THE LABEL****

Safe Storage:

- First make sure you know the type and potential hazards of the pesticides you are working with. Be sure to keep updating the inventory of pesticides. Store the pesticides in a cool, dry, well-ventilated, secure area. Store pesticide containers off of the floor surface so it's easy to detect leaks.
- Keep all containers tightly closed.
- Do not store clothing, food, or Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) around and near Pesticides.

Transporting:

- Transport the pesticide product securely in back of vehicle.
- If a spill occurs clean up immediately, and do not let anyone into the area.
- Always wear your PPE while cleaning up a pesticide spill.
- Be sure all pesticide labels are intact and readable.
- Do not put your children, your food or drinks, or pets in the vehicle because they could be harmed by pesticides while transporting

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

- Always wear clean clothing according to the label. Clothing must have full skin coverage, closed at neck and wrist, and pant legs outside of the boots.
- Wear long waterproof gloves with tight fitted wrists, wide-brimmed hat and waterproof boots, when required by the label.
- Be sure you have a respirator with right cartridge according to the label.
- Wear a rubber or plastic apron, and safety goggles if required by label.

Mixing Procedures:

- Protect your skin with proper clothing and equipment.
- Measure the materials properly and accurately. Fill the application container or tank with water until ½ full, then add the pesticide and other adjutants while water is swirling. Place measuring cup into a large container, to help prevent spills. Stand well above the fill level to prevent splashing on the face.
- Rinse empty containers three times, puncture and either recycle or dispose containers in an approved landfill.
- In case of spill, remove clothing immediately and wash the skin with soap and water.
- Wash contaminated clothes separately from family laundry using detergent.
- Always have someone with you or have someone you can contact by phone in case of an emergency.

Application Procedures:

- Be sure that the pesticide is needed and appropriate for the target pest, and always read the label before you apply.
- Be sure you wear the proper clothing and PPE required by the label.
- Never smoke, eat, or drink while applying pesticides.
- Avoid breathing dust and fumes. Use sprays rather than dust formulations, and take precautions to minimize drift. Know the pesticide poisoning symptoms, and determine where to get medical help before applying.

- Be sure to bring the pesticide Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) and/or label to the doctor if you require treatment for pesticide exposure.
- Always be sure to have a decontamination kit with adequate water, soap, paper towels, and wash bottles.

Restricted Entry Precautions:

- Read and follow the label instructions on the restricted entry period. Wear protective clothing listed on the label on early entry.
- Be sure to read label to know the PPE requirements

Pesticide Disposal:

- Buy only the amount of pesticide you need for the season. Mix only the amount the pesticide that is needed.
- When rinsing containers, be sure to use pressure rinse or rinse three times.
- The left over pesticide may be applied to a labeled site, disposed in approved

Emergency Procedures for spills:

- Take off contaminated clothing and wash them separately from family laundry.
- Wash the contaminated body with soap and water immediately, and then go to the doctor and bring the pesticide label of MSDS.
- Protect yourself and others from exposure and clean up spill.
- Wear protective clothing and PPE according to label instructions.
- Always have spill kit ready and with everything you would need, including a list of emergency numbers, gloves, footwear, apron, protective eyewear, respirator, containment tubes and pads, and absorbent materials, such as spill pillows, absorbent clay, sawdust, pet litter, activated charcoal, vermiculite, or paper for liquid spills. A shovel, broom, and dustpan should be included if there could be a dry spill. Be sure there are always heavy duty detergent, a fire extinguisher, and sturdy plastic containers to hold the pesticide while transporting. Also make sure that you have everything in the spill kit that pesticide label requires.
- Wash area with chlorine bleach and thoroughly flush contaminated area with water or follow other expert advice for decontamination of the area.
- Landfill or store in a locked secure storage area until following year.

Medical, Fire, Police: 911

Poison Information Center (24-hour number) 1-800-222-1222

National Response Center (24-hour number) 1-800-424-8802

CHEMTREC (chemical information, 24-hour number) 1-800-424-9300

National Pesticide Information Center (NPIC) 1-800-858-7378

Disaster Emergency Services 1-406-444-6911

Montana Dept. of Agriculture 1-406-444-5400

CSKT Environmental Protection: (406) 883-2888

Jolene Jacobson--CSKT (406) 675-2700 x.1123

Robert DesRosier—Blackfeet (406)338-7667

Hospital: _____

Fire Dept.: _____